

Anmeldeschluß: 20. Juli 1982
 Teilnahmeveraussetzung: Kenntnis des Lehrbuchs von Alfonso "Japanese Language Patterns Bd. 1 + 2", Tokyo 1974, bzw. vergleichbarer Lehrmaterialien

JAPANISCH FÜR ANFÄNGER TEIL 1: 2. - 28. August 1982

Leitung: Takeshi Yamamori, Lektor am Seminar für Sprache und Kultur Japans
 Anmeldeschluß: 22. Juni 1982

Weitere Informationen mit näheren Hinweisen zum Ablauf der Kurse sowie Anmeldeformulare sind bei der Geschäftsstelle der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Asienkunde e.V. (Rothenbaumchaussee 32, 2000 Hamburg 13) erhältlich.

Noch ein Hinweis in eigener Sache:

Die Redaktion wäre dem Leser sehr dankbar, könnte er mögliche Interessenten in seinem Bekanntenkreis von diesem Kursangebot der Gesellschaft unterrichten.

Indonesisch-Intensivkurs an der Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität

An der Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität in Frankfurt wird in den Semesterferien des Frühjahrs 1982 ein sechswöchiger Indonesisch-Intensivkurs stattfinden. Genaue Angaben über die Daten und Kosten des Kurses werden den Interessenten gegen Ende dieses Jahres mitgeteilt. Interessenten wenden sich bitte an folgende Adresse:

Prof.Dr. Bernd Nothofer
 FB Ost- und Außereuropäische
 Sprach- und Kulturwissenschaften
 Sektion Südostasienwissenschaften
 Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität
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Research Symposium "Southeast Asia" by the Research Centre
 for Sociology of Development, University of Bielefeld

On June 26-27, 1981 an international conference on "Historical Perspectives on Development - Subsistence Production in Indonesia and Malaysia" took place at the Centre for Interdisciplinary Research at the University of Bielefeld. This conference was one of five research symposia by the Research Centre for Sociology of Development, University of Bielefeld, taking place during the summer semester of 1981. Prof.Dr. James Fox (Research School of Pacific Studies, Australian National University), Prof.Dr. Hans-Dieter Evers, and Dipl.Soz. Diana Wong (University of

Bielefeld) organized the conference. The Volkswagenwerk Foundation made possible the invitation of the foreign participants.

The lectures and discussions dealt with long-range social processes that occurred in Indonesia and Malaysia along with the integration of the rural population into the spreading colonial economic system. Regional and historical differences in this process were highlighted.

During the conference the following papers were presented:

Coen Holtzappel, University of Leiden

"Some Remarks on the Phenomenon of Landless Peasants in Java's History"

Frans Hüskens, University of Amsterdam

"Regional Diversity in Javanese Agrarian Development: Variations in the Pattern of Involution"

Jan Avé, Rijksmuseum, Leiden

"The Internal Development of a Subsistence System in Borneo and the Drastic Changes in Recent Years"

Wolfgang Clauss, University of Bielefeld

"Economic and Social Development in Upper Simalungun, North Sumatra: 1900 to the Present"

Hans-Dieter Evers, University of Bielefeld

"Subsistence Production and the State in Indonesia, 1817-1980"

James J. Fox, Australian National University, Canberra/University of Bielefeld

"The Historical Consequences of a Changing Subsistence Base in West Timor"

Diana Wong, University of Bielefeld

"Patterns of Change in a Kedah Village"

Tilman Schiel, University of Bielefeld/Free University of Berlin

"Transformation of the Javanese Mode of Production"

Prof.Dr. Hans-Dieter Evers, Bielefeld

International China Symposium in the GDR

From 22 to 24 April 1981 a symposium called "China in the 1980's" was held in Karl-Marx-Stadt (formerly: Chemnitz), East Germany. It was organized by the "Department of Chinese Contemporary History" of the Section for the Study of Asian Affairs of the Humboldt University (East Berlin). The Department and in particular its head, Professor Felber, must be given credit for their excellent preparatory and organizational work.

The Symposium was especially important as it represented the first conference on contemporary China problems to be held in the Soviet bloc with Western participation. Out of the 44 participants, 35 came from Bloc states (GDR, USSR, Poland, Bulgaria, Mongolia, Vietnam, Hungary,